

BELGO-UGANDAN STUDY AND CONSULTANCY FUND

UGA/01/004

ANNUAL REPORT 2008

FEBRUARY 2009



Table of contents

1	Project sheet	4
2	Brief factual overview	5
3	Overview of activity planning	6
	3 1 Table 1 Activity overview	<i>6</i>
	3.2 Analysis of activity planning (1 page) 3.2.1 Comparison of current situation (year N) with planning (year N-1)	
4	Financial overview	9
	4.1 Table 2 Overview of expenditure versus financial planning	9
	4.2 Analysis of financial planning (1 page)	11
5	Monitoring of the indicators	12
6	Assessment of monitoring criteria	12
	6.1 Efficiency	
	6.2 Effectiveness	12
	6.3 Sustainability	13
7	Measures and recommendations	14
	7.1 Overview of the assessment criteria	14
	7.2 Recommendations	14
8	Planning for the upcoming year (Year N+1)	15
	8.1 Activity planning year N+1	15
	8.2 Financial planning year N+1	16
9	Conclusions	17
	9 1 Activities and Finance	17
	9.2 Monitoring criteria	
	92.1 Efficiency92.2 Effectiveness	
	923 Sustainability	
	9.3 Advice of the JLCB on the recommendations	
	 9.3.1 Recommendations on activity planning 9.3.2 Recommendations on financial planning 	
	9.3.3 Recommendations on Logical Framework	
	9.3.4 Other recommendations	
10	Annexes	19
	10.1 Tracking Gantt view / Activities	19

Belgian Technical Cooperation

10.2 Baseline report / Activities (AdeptTracker) N/A	19
10.3 Measuring indicators N/A	19
10.4 Checklist efficiency	19
10.5 Checklist effectiveness	. 19
10.6 Checklist sustainability	. 19
10.7 Input in PIT	. 19
10 8 Logical framework year N/A	19
10 9 Overview public contracts	20

1 PROJECT SHEET

Reference documents

The study and consultancy fund is based on implementation agreement between DGDC and BTC and specific agreement which outlines the implementation modalities. Its set up did not require an operational technical and financial file to be developed. Since it involves a series of studies, for each study a detailed proposal with estimated budget is developed. It is against this proposal and budget in line with the specific agreement that the implementation is based

Project objective and results

The objective of this study fund is to finance consultancies in the framework of the Belgo-Ugandan Development Cooperation including identification, preparation and follow-up studies of projects and programs, investigations, missions, seminars and services

The main results are the study reports which are owned and utilised by the beneficiary Institutions

Location: Kampala, Uganda

Target groups

The only beneficiaries of the Fund are line Ministries and Government Agencies of Uganda. The use of this fund is proposed through the ministries and Agencies to the Embassy of Belgium and the Ministry of Finance, Planning & Economic Development (MoFPED), who jointly approves the proposed studies and their budgets.

Budget

Original budget (co-managed)	750,000 EUR
(regie)	67,500 EUR
Additional Budget	500,000 EUR
Total budget	1,317,000 EUR

Key Contacts

Mr. Keith MUHAKANIZI
Deputy Secretary to the Treasury/Fund Director
Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development (MoFPED)
P O. Box 8147
Kampala, Uganda
Tel:+256 (0) 414 230 290
Email: keith.muhakanizi@finance.go.ug

Mr Koen GOEKINT

Resident Representative/Fund Co-Director Belgian Technical Cooperation (BTC) P.O Box 40131 Kampala, Uganda

Tel: +256 (0)414 230 543

Email: koen.goekint@btcctb.org

Partner Institution

Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development, Kampala, Uganda

2 BRIEF FACTUAL OVERVIEW

The Joint Committee on direct bilateral cooperation between Belgium and Uganda that was held in Kampala on 7th November 2008 defined the Indicative Development Cooperation Program (IDCP) for direct bilateral cooperation between Uganda and Belgium for the period 2009-2012, and the framework of its implementation.

The Belgo-Ugandan Study and Consultancy Fund was allocated additional budget of 2 mio Euros and will concentrate its studies and consultancies on the sectors of health and education. The scope of the fund will be extended to include also short term expertise for these two ministries and for the Ministry of Finance, Planning and Economic Development for activities related to the implementation of the Paris Declaration in Uganda

The specific agreement for the study fund is valid till 8th August 2009, will be extended for 4 years, with an additional budget of 2 mio Euros

3 OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITY PLANNING

Belgian Technical Cooperation

3.1 Table 1. Activity overview

Title	Duration	Sector	Institution	Consultant	Status
Support the Development of a Long Term Plan for Training and Development of Staff in the Local Government Sector	March 2006- June 2008	Local government Capacity building (MoLG)	Ministry of Local Government (MoLG)	Winsor Consult LTD	complete
Support the Re-organization of MoLG's Directorate of Local Governments Administration and Inspection	March 2006- June 2008	Local government Ministry of Local (MoLG) Government (M	Ministry of Local Government (MoLG)	Business Synergies	complete
Support the Development of a Strategy for Promoting Investment and Local Economic Governments in Uganda	March 2006- June 2008	Social Economy, Local Economic Development (MoLG)	Ministry of Local Government (MoLG)	Mentor Consult LTD	complete
Development of an Environmental Sensitivity Atlas of the Albertine Graben in Uganda	January 2007- December 2008	Environment	Ministry of Water and Environment	AGRER s.a.n.v	complete
Sensitization Workshop for the Belgo-Ugandan Study and Consultancy Fund	September 2007-August 2009	Administration	Ministry of Finance	N/A	on going
Consultancy for an integrated information and document management system for Education Service Commission (ESC)	September 2007-Dec 2008	Education	Education Service Commission	ICT consult (phase I)	Phase I complete, Phase II on going
The Impact of the Energy Supply Shortfall on the Uganda Economy	November 2007- Administration Dec 2008		Ministry of Finance	N/A	galog ao
Capacity building on public procurement and disposal	November 2007- Procurement Dec 2008		PPDA	N/A	On going
The review of the supervision mechanism in the Health Sector	February 2008	Health	Ministry of Health (MoH)	Quality Health International	complete
A study of client satisfaction with the Health services	February 2008	Health	Ministry of Health (MoH)	Child Health and development centre	complete
The evaluation of the impact of decentralisation of health services	February 2008	Health	Ministry of Health (MoH)	Not yet selected	on going
ENR and climate change studies on PEAP revision process and formulation of the new 5 year National development plan	March 2008	Environment	Ministry of Water and Environment	Four consultants on going	on going
Study on data collection on donor assistance at grass root May 2008	May 2008	Public finance	Ministry of Finance	Winsor Consult	on going

Belgian Technical Cooperation

level in Districts					
Study to review the aid management manual	May 2008	Public finance	Ministry of Finance	DMCI	On going
Support to the Joint Action Forum (JAF) 14 of African programme for Onchocerciasis Control (APOC) conference	December 2008 Health	Health	Ministry of Health (MoH)	N/A	N/A Yet to start
Health Facility Survey: Assessment of the Management of July 2008 Resources for Health in Uganda		Health	Ministry of Health (MoH)	Not yet selected Yet to start	Yet to start

3.2 Analysis of activity planning (1 page)

3.2.1 Comparison of current situation (year N) with planning (year N-1)

The study fund planning is based on prior approved studies within the planning quarter, however within the year a number of new studies may be approved and implemented.

Out of sixteen studies implemented in 2008, eight were new studies. Seven of them were successfully completed by the end of the reporting period and two studies did not take off.

During this reporting period a number of studies were implemented on time due to commitment from the beneficiary institution on the studies reflecting their importance. However, few studies still experienced challenges mainly during the procurement of consultants which caused delay in implementation. These challenges are e.g.

- the beneficiary institution do not understand the implementation modalities of the study fund notwithstanding briefing by BTC, such as negotiating for the fund to be transferred to the accounts of the beneficiary institution;
- supervising officers from beneficiary institutions not being familiar with procurement procedures;
- conflict of interest during the procurement process.

4 FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

Table 2. Overview of expenditure versus financial planning

				71.7			
			Currency	Currency in 1000 EUK			
		Budget					
		2002 III			Available	,0 ,	
Title	mode	2007 FP	Expenditure in 2007	Expenditure in 2008	for 2008	% spent in 2008	Risk
Support the Development of a Long Term Plan for Training and Development of Staff in the Local							
Government Sector	cogestion	22	21.49	17.5156	4.4844	79.6	<u></u> Mo
Support the Re-organization of MoLG's Directorate of Local Governments Administration and Inspection	cogestion	25	8.417	20.6488	4.3512	82.6	low
Support the Development of a Strategy for Promoting Investment and Local Economic Governments in			1		1	1	1
Uganda	cogestion	17	30.3	10,304	969'9	9.09	medium
Development of an Environmental Sensitivity Atlas of the Albertine Graben in Uganda	cogestion	63	1.523	59.098	3.902	93.8	low
Sensitization Workshop for the Belgo-Ugandan Study and Consultancy Fund	codestion	4	2.01	6,03	-2.03	150.8	high
Consultancy for an integrated information and document management system for Education Service							
Commission (ESC)	cogestion	52	0.855	18.7855	36.2145	34.2	high
The Impact of the Energy Supply Shortfall on the Uganda Economy	cogestion	95	2.045	35.829	20.171	64.0	medium
Capacity building on public procurement and disposal acts	cogestion	126	0	124.432	1.568	98.8	low
The review of the supervision mechanism in the Health Sector	cogestion	0	0	35,996	-35,996		
A study of client satisfaction with the Health services	cogestion	0	0	40.38	-40.38		
The evaluation of the impact of decentralisation of health services	codestion	0	0	7.321	-7.321		
ENR and climate change studies on PEAP revision process and formulation of the new 5 year National development plan	cogestion	0	0	14,272	-14.272		

O

Study on data collection on donor assistance at grass							
root level in Districts	cogestion	0	0	0	0		
Study to review the aid management manual	cogestion	0	0	0	0		
	cogestion	0	0	0	0		
Support to the Joint Action Forum (JAF) 14 of African							
programme for Unchocerciasis Control (APUC)		•	•	(,		
conference	cogestion	0	0	0	0		
Health Facility Survey: Assessment of the Management							
of Resources for Health in Uganda	cogestion	0	0	0	0		
Technical expertise	Regie	5	2.045	7.39575	7.39575 -2.39575	147.9	
Expenses of other studies completed in 2006	cogestion	0	50.265	0	0		
Total budget/expenditure		368	118,95	398.008	398.008 75,3571	108.2	low

Belgian Technical Cooperation

4.2 Analysis of financial planning (1 page)

As seen from table 2, studies with zero budgets in the column of "budget 2008" in the financial planning done in the fourth quarter 2007 indicate that at the time of this planning, these studies were not yet approved. These are studies that were approved within 2008. Since each study is independent of the other, the most important is to compare total expenditure in 2007 with that of 2008 to be able to make proper analysis.

There has been tremendous improvement in the utilization of study fund with expenditure in 2008 tripling the amount spent in 2007. The financial planning for 2008 was realistic and at the end of 2008, 108% execution rate was realized including the unforeseen expenditures from the new studies. Apart from study with Education Service Commission (ESC), there were no remarkable deviations in financial planning for all the remaining studies falling within the low risk brackets.

The main cause of the deviation for ESC study is related to delay in procurement of services and supplies. The causes of the delays were threefold;

- Lack of technical capacity of the ESC caused a delay because the original terms of reference were not clear at the launch of the procurement. The tender process was cancelled and re-launched with revised bidding document.
- Supervising officer from ESC showed lack of knowledge of procurement
- There were indications of possible conflict of interest. ESC wanted to go for direct procurement where competition is possible and it is not a monopoly.

Since approval of study fund is unpredictable, some new studies that were not originally planned for 2008 were approved and implementation launched. The consultant carrying out a study on impact on Decentralization under MoH has not respected the contract period and the study is now overdue with four months. On the other hand, some of the studies did not have expenditures in 2008.

Generally, the financial realisation has been possible due to improved efficiency in both implementation of the studies and fund disbursement.

5 MONITORING OF THE INDICATORS

The set up of the study and consultancy fund did not contain technical and financial file being developed. This therefore means no logical framework was developed. However the objective of this project was very clear on the results to be achieved. Therefore the assessment of the monitoring criteria below was based on this understanding.

6 ASSESSMENT OF MONITORING CRITERIA

6.1 Efficiency

To determine the efficiency of the study fund is difficult given the design and set up of the project. The study fund does not have operational document in place and therefore lacks logical framework. In addition, the design of study fund does not warrant a baseline survey and therefore the project has neither developed nor implemented an effective monitoring and evaluation plan to determine the efficiency and effectiveness of the project interventions. This report therefore determines monitoring criteria at different levels of implementation.

Most of the studies have been successfully implemented within the proposed timeframe. This is because beneficiary institutions are able to develop well elaborated terms of reference for the study; and have commitment in implementation of activities and follow up of results. There is also improvement in understanding the implementation modalities of study fund by the beneficiary institution. This will further be enhanced after establishment of well documented implementation guideline manual. The current experienced delays are mainly during procurement of consultants arising from lack of guidelines to be followed.

The quality of the study reports produced have continued to be of high standards. The quality of the outputs is being controlled by the beneficiary institutions and where necessary BTC has supported using external consultants to provide specific technical expertise.

In order to improve further the efficiency of the project, the cost estimation during the development of the proposals should be realistic drawing from the pass studies

6.2 Effectiveness

The beneficiaries include line ministries and government agencies. The institutions that have benefited so far include Ministry of Water and Environment (MoWE), Ministry of Health (MoH), Ministry of Local Government (MoLG), Ministry of Education and Sports (MoES), Ministry of Finance Planning and Economic Development (MoFPED), Uganda Bureau of Statistics (UBOS), Public Procurement and Disposal Authority (PPDA) and Education Service Commission (ESC) who are involved in Belgo-Uganda Development cooperation activities. These institutions request for funding by submission of study proposals and after the approval of the studies, implementation is carried out in collaboration with BTC. These institutions are involved in

monitoring the contract and ensuring that results of high quality are achieved. All the studies are priority areas and the results are owned and utilised by these institutions.

The study and consultancy fund has supported government of Uganda institutions in preparation of new projects, evaluation of projects, development sector investment plans, development of government systems and capacity building. It has also supported the development of strategies for promoting new government initiatives e.g. local economic development. The results of these studies have enabled government to produce quality identification documents, sector investment plans and strategies have directed government on priority areas of sector expenditures that have been incorporated into budget framework paper. From the strategies, the government of Uganda is developing policy documents

The beneficiary institutions are aware about the availability of funding and the procedures for accessing the study fund. There has been great improvement in the quality of the proposals being received leading to increased number of studies being approved and implemented.

6.3 Sustainability

The study and consultancy fund by design is sustainable. The study proposals are generated by the beneficiary institutions to target specific area of interest for which these institutions lack technical capacities. It is well integrated within the institutions' mandate and portfolio to bridge the gap in the policies, strategies, investment plans or processes. The study funds have also been used to operationalise government policy and draw up strategies for implementation.

This project is designed to strengthen the capacities of the beneficiary institutions enabling them to produce quality documents that will enhance policy decision and attract further funding.

The study fund has also supported the development or improvement of government systems. With the active involvement of government during the implementation of the study, their capacity in using the systems are being strengthened.

Lastly the approval of the proposals and administration of fund is being undertaken by MoFPED. The steering committee is chaired by representative from MoFPED and other members include Ministry of foreign Affairs and BIC.

7 MEASURES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Overview of the assessment criteria

The result of assessment of monitoring criteria indicates that the project is efficient, effective and sustainable. However, the implementation procedure needs to be agreed upon to further improve on the efficiency. The draft already exists and has been shared with Ministry of Finance for comments and is yet to be finalized.

BTC and beneficiary institutions have put a lot of emphasis on control of quality of reports. Where the subject matter is too technical, we shall continue to utilize experts to develop the TORs enabling procurement process identify suitable consultants who are able to deliver quality results. So far this system of control is being appreciated by some institutions; however, others think external support would lead to lack of ownership of the study.

7.2 Recommendations

Field	Recommendation
Operations	 Finalize implementation guideline manual
	 Involve more procurement unit of beneficiary institution
Finance	 Realistic cost estimate for studies should be adopted based on the previous experiences.
Institutions	Beneficiary institutions should:
	- be more committed to the studies
	- Review the implementation modalities prior to implementation ensuring that both parties are in harmony with the procedures

PLANNING FOR THE UPCOMING YEAR (YEAR N+1) ∞

Belgian Technical Cooperation

Activity planning year N+1

Inception report submitted. The study 13.60 has suffered serous delay environment and retreat yet to be Data collection on going and has 61.50 Inception report submitted 22.60 suffered serous delay 26.20 other sources??? 58.7023 March 09 12.40 organised. 36.90 stage Budget Estimate Total **3000€** 8 Activity planning 2008 5 Study on data collection on donor assistance at grass root Sensitization Workshop for the Belgo-Ugandan Study and programme for Onchocerciasis Control (APOC) conference Capacity building on public procurement and disposal acts Health Facility Survey: Assessment of the Management of ENR and climate change studies on PEAP revision process The Impact of the Energy Supply Shortfall on the Uganda The evaluation of the impact of decentralisation of health Consultancy for an integrated information and document and formulation of the new 5 year National development management system for Education Service Commission Support to the Joint Action Forum (JAF) 14 of African Design of a monitoring and evaluation framework for Study to review the aid management manual Title Resources for Health in Uganda level in Districts

Economy

services

Remarks

1.10 Support to MFPED on going

Phase II launched and is at award

Training complete. The remaining

0.40 expense is for printing of certificates

Three studies (forestry, wildlife, and climate) completed. Wetlands on going,

62.50 Inception report on going

MoH carried out activity with fund from

Consultant identified. Activity to start on

Discussion held on procurement of

61.70 consultants

This is for any new studies that will be 95.10 approved in 2009

9.40 This is for technical support by BTC

Technical expertise

New studies

Total budget

469.70

Financial planning year N+1 8.2

Belgian Technical Cooperation

				Currency	Currency in '000 EUR	JR		
	Budget Estimate							Available
	ω	Ō	uarterly pla	Quarterly planning 2009		Total	Expenditure to date	balance at end of
Title		Q1	Q2	03	04	2009	Ç	study
Sensitization Workshop for the Belgo-Ugandan Study and Consultancy Fund	9.10	1,10	00.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	8.00	0.00
Consultancy for an integrated information and document management system for Education Service Commission (ESC)	56,50	0.00	36.90	0.00	0.00	36.90	19.60	0.00
The Impact of the Energy Supply Shortfall on the Uganda Economy	58.40	0.00	22.60	0.00	0.00	22.60	35.80	00.00
Capacity building on public procurement and disposal acts	125.50	0.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.40	125.20	-0.10
The evaluation of the impact of decentralisation of health services	20.90	8.10	5.50	0.00	0.00	13.60	7.30	0.00
ENR and climate change studies on PEAP revision process and formulation of the new 5 year National development plan	02.90	000	9 00	6.40	00.0	12.40	14.30	0.00
Study on data collection on donor assistance at grass root level in Districts	61.50	18.40	18,40	24.70	0.00	61.50	0.00	0.00
Study to review the aid management manual	62.50	18.00	18.00	22.00	4.50	62.50	00.0	00.0
Support to the Joint Action Forum (JAF) 14 of African programme for Onchocerciasis Control (APOC) conference	26.20	0.00	26.20	0.00	0.00	26.20	0.00	0.00
Health Facility Survey; Assessment of the Management of Resources for Health in Uganda	58.80	17.60	17.60	23.50	0.00	58.70	0.00	0.10
Design of a monitoring and evaluation framework for MoFPED	61.70	00.00	18.00	18.00	25.70	61.70	0.00	0.00
New studies	95.10	00'0	50.00	45.10	0.00	95.10		0.00
Technical expertise	67.50	2.00	5.00	2,00	5.00	9.40	0.00	58.10
Total budget/expenditure	730	65.60	224.20	144.70	35.20	469.70	210.20	50.50

9 CONCLUSIONS

9.1 Activities and Finance

It is hoped that the planned activities and finances will be realized within the specified timeframe without any major constraints. However, the study with Education Service Commission and APOC conference with Ministry of Health will remain a challenge. There has been difficulties encountered during procurement service provider for ESC and MoH accessed fund from other sources to hold the conference but would like the study fund to reimburse the costs.

9.2 Monitoring criteria

9.2.1 Efficiency

The resources have been utilized in the most efficient manner. Most of the studies have been implemented on time. High quality results have achieved due to the commitment of the beneficiary institutions in controlling the quality of activities being implemented. The efficiency of the project could be further improved through elaborating realistic budgets in the proposals.

922 Effectiveness

The results of the studies have been beneficially utilized by the requesting institutions and are contributing to achieving specific objective of the project

923 Sustainability

The project being owned by the beneficiary institution and requested for specific purpose, have been use as a tool for further funding to these institutions.

9.3 Advice of the JLCB on the recommendations

9.3.1 Recommendations on activity planning

- ❖ Finalize implementation guidelines to improve on efficiency during procurement process.
- ❖ Beneficiary institutions should review and understand the implementation procedure prior to commencement of the study.
- ❖ APOC conference with Ministry of Health should not be double financed.
- ❖ Study with ESC should be stopped if the institution is refusing to respect the procurement regulations (reference to specific agreement article 6.10).
- Penalty clause on the contract for study on impact of decentralization should be applied.

- 9.3.2 Recommendations on financial planning
 - Proposals should possess realistic budget based on past experiences.
- 9.3.3 Recommendations on Logical Framework

N/A

9.3.4 Other recommendations

None

10 ANNEXES

- 10.1 Tracking Gantt view / Activities
- 10.2 Baseline report / Activities (AdeptTracker) N/A
- 10.3 Measuring indicators N/A
- 10.4 Checklist efficiency
- 10.5 Checklist effectiveness
- 10.6 Checklist sustainability
- 10.7 Input in PIT
- 10.8 Logical framework year N/A

Efficiency

Efficiency refers to the way in which the resources of the cooperation intervention are converted through the project activities into the expected results.

To be com	To be completed by the Project % expected actual % of 1975							
1 Facts abou	of the result indicators:		% expected realisation	actual % of realisation		difference*		
	Indicators for	Result 1	0	0		0		
	Indicators for	Result 2	0	0		0		
	Indicators for	Result 3	0	0		0		
Not	Indicators for	Result 4	0	0		0		
applicable	Indicators for	Result 5	0	0		0		
	Indicators for	Result 6	0	0		g.		
	Indicators for	Result 7	0	0		0		
				•		` '	n - actual % of realisation)	
2 Achievem	ents of the results referrin				Yes	No	NA NA	
	Are these indicators for	rmulated in a smo	ırt way ş				2	
	Are all indicators monit					D	2	
	Is there a baseline to c	ompare with for e	ach indicator ?		:	I.i.	₩	
3 Facts abou	ut activities:	Implemenation is on schedule	Implementation is delayed	Implementation is in advance		Explanation		
for Result 1 X for Result 2					mented on time.	Slight delays expe	erienced are during	
for Result 2 for Result 3								
					<u> </u>			
for Result 5								
	for Result 6							
for Result 6 for Result 7				<u> </u>				
4 The activities are implemented as planned.					™	i	e e	
	Some activities will nee Some activities can be			d of time		Ø	î Î	
	Any occured delay wil	The second secon			×		Ö	
	Detected deviations w				\$7.1 \$1.5	2	Ï	
				eni or resons	, .	\$7	A	
5 The gener	al quality of the project o	activities is percei [,]	ved as:	satisfactory sufficient				
				problematic				
6 Do activiti	es contribute to reach th If not, explain why:	ne planned results	\$		2) **:	f ".	
7 Is it possibl	e to plan the activities in If so explain how:	n a more optimal v	vay ?		₩	f **	1 11	
8 Facts abou	ut the expenses:	% of total	% of annual	date of latest	Explanation	% of financia	l planning year X	
		budget	budget	adjustment		L		
	for Result 1 for Result 2	29			1			
	for Result 2							
	101 1/23011 2	<u> </u>	ı	I	1			

for Result 4						
for Result 5						
for Result 6						
for Result 7						
Total budget						
All the state of				Yes	No	NA
9 Financial resources are managed	as planned					
Some estimated costs of	are not sufficient, e	xtra resources are		*	7	f "
Important financial me	ans remain they n	eed to be replann	ned		17	O
Some financial risks har				T)	₽:	III
Detected financial risks				Ci.	3	€
Activities could be imp				f :	₽.	1 11
Partner contribution in				§	r	5 2
, anno, sommonom						
10 Is it possible to manage financial	resources in a more	e optimal way?		* **	*	×
lf so explain how:						
11. Human resources are managed o	as planned					3 2
The project staff is com	nplete			*	r ":	Ø
The project staff is not :	stable			.	111	₹
The planned personne	l is not sufficient, ex	tra resources are	needed	C	.	₩.
The planned personnel is not sufficient, extra resources are needed Some personnel execute tasks not conform to their job description					June 1	Ø
Activities could be imp				1	f "	3 21
There is a gender bala				nrs.	* ***	Į.
1,7373 10 12 33 51 12 12 12 12						
12. Is it possible to manage human re If so. explain how:	esources in a more	optimal way ?		r :	*	₽Z
				9 175	f	Ø
13. Goods and equipment are mand				U		
The equipment is inver					111	∑
Important amounts of					<u></u>	<u>M</u>
Insufficient goods and				£".	r"	₽
Some equipement or c	goods are not adap	oted to local conc	ditions/use	* **:	* ***	Ø
14 is it possible to manage goods ar If so, explain how:	nd equipment in a	more optimal way	. Ś	* **;	(** !	Ø
15 The organisational structure of the	e project is perceiv	ed as: Not applica	able			•
	, , ,	. ,	satisfactory	\$ · · ·		
			sufficient			
			problematic			
17 Have unexpexcted problems reg	arding the plannin	g been solved ?		17	* ":	₩.
If so, explain how the p						
16 Can the efficiency of the project If so explain how:	be improved ?			8 2	f] ":
Lessons The study Securiced	y fund have achieved	value for money in	procurement of co	nsultants as resi	ult of close support fr	om BTC

Best practices	Quality control of the studies being handled by the partner institution	
Recommendations	As per the narrative report	

Effectiveness

results delivered by the project.

Effectiveness assesses if the results of the project are delivered and if they contribute to the achievement of the specific objective. It investigates if the occured changes within the project area are caused by the project. It also assesses if the beneficiaries use the

To be con	npleted by the project			Yes	No	NA
1. Concernir	ng the indicators of the specific obje Are there any indicators for the sp Are the indicators of the specific of Are the indicators of the specific of	eific objective (objective 'smart'	ś			X
	Is there a base-line to be compare	ed with ?			3	72
2 Are the indicators of the specific objective reached? % expected actual % of realisation		actual % of realisation	difference*			
	Indicator 1	0	0		0	
	Indicator 2	0	0		0	
	Indicator 3	0	0		0	
	Indicator 4	0	0		D.	
			* (% expected realisation - ac	ctual % of realisati	ion)	
3 Will the sp	ecific objective be realised purely th	anks to the resu	ults delivered ?	Ø	1 ":	pose.
4 Are there	any side effects caused by the result	ts 2		r.	o e	**
If there are any side effects, do they influence the specific objective? in a positive way Not applicable						
5. Are there	any external factors influencing the	specific objecti	ve ?			
	in a positive way	it	n a negative way	Not applicable	•	
6. What are	the caracteristics of the beneficiarie the poor the better off, men, won			government	initiatives rela	ted to Belgo Ugar
7. The group	s who are (or who will be) benifiting t intended, unintended explain:		•	agencies		
8. Do the beneficiaries have access to the results delivered by the project ? If not, explain why (for the results in question):					* **	
9. Are the beneficiaries using the results delivered by the project ? If not, explain why (for the results in question):					f ***!	
			·			

	iaries satisfied with the results delivered by the project ? t, explain why:	æ	Γ"	À **:		
11. Is the project im	aplementation responding to:					
- †	he problems of the beneficiaries	V	£	1		
- t	he priorities of the beneficiaries	₩	f.,	17		
12. Do the propose	d solutions solve the problems of the beneficiaries?	Ø	3 30	ones:		
Lessons lectined	Active involvement of the partners leads to stronger ownership of the project					
Best practices	Partner institute taking lead role during the implementation of the studies with facilitation from BTC					
Recommen- dations	As per the narrative report					

Consist T

Sustainability

er.

Sustainability refers to the likelihood that the benefits from a development cooperation intervention will be maintained and reproduced after the withdrawal of donor support

To be completed by the project	Yes	No	NA
I. Is the partner institution participating actively in:			
reporting	V	1	
decision-making	Ø		1
planning of activities	₩.	(0)	
financial management	V	f	11
implementing the project	V	roj	1
monitoring and evaluation	F	r)	17
human resource management	1	1	P
management of material resources	1	m	Z.
2. Are resources and capacities available for the maintenance and reproduction of the res	ults ? No	t applic	able
Human resources			
Financial resources			:
Equipment			
3. Is the partner institution taking the necessary dispositions to take over the project?	IT.		₩
4 Is there a plan for the integration of the project in the partner institution?	No.	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	î"i
If so, explain. All the studiers are integrated into partner institutions portifolio o	nd man	date	
5 Is the project providing institutional training for the partner institutions?	I₹	111	ľ
3 is the project providing institutional framing for the partier institutions 9	1		
6 Is the trained personnel staying in place ?	N.	3	1
7 Is the project providing capacity building for organisations regarding?			
Management of systems			
Process management			
Transfer of knowledge Networking			
8. Is the project providing the necessary capacity building for individuals regarding? Not a	oplicable	e	
Transfer of knowledge	•	-	
Exchange of experiences			
Exchange of values			
Empowerment			
Networking			
9. Is the project supported by the following local institutions?			
Political institutions	V		
Partner institutions	Ø		
Civil society institutions	1 "		

Cultural institutions (religious, ethnic, traditional)		
10 Are the aid modalities strengthening the sustainability?	Į V	11	n
11 Are the execution modalities strengthening the sustainability?	V	:	1 11
12 Is the project contributing to the sustainability in following dimensions? Politic Soci Institution Organisation Cultur Econom Technic	al IX al IX al IX al III ic IX		
13. Is the project linked to donor conditions? If so are these conditions deducted from national strategies?			E E
14. Is the project respecting the principle of untied aid ?	ſ	!	V
15. Is the Partner Institution respecting its contribution ?	1 77	} ***	₩.

Remarks

All the studies are integrated within the partner institutions to fill gaps in policies, strategies and procedures. The project being owned by the beneficiary institution and requested for specific purpose, have been used as a tool for further funding to these institutions.

Checkist 5.

Follow-up of the recommendations

N° .../../...

Project:	Belgo-Ugandan study and consultancy fund	
Country:	Uganda	
Navision code:	UGA/01/004	
GEO advisor:	Rudi POULUSSEN	
Year:	2008	
Meeting JLCB:	19-/03-2009	

To be completed by the Project

- 1. Is the Follow-up memo dispatched to the concerned parties?
- 2. Are there any risks that should be taken into account ?
- 3. Are the responsibles for the follow-up of the recommendations assigned?
- 4. Is the new planning of the activities distributed to the concerned parties?
- 5. Its the new financial planning distributed to the concerned parties?
- 6. Is the new logical framework distributed to the concerned parteis?
- 7. Has the FIT been adopted ?

Yes	No	NA
	No	
	0 Z	
Yes		
Yes Yes		
Yes		
		NA
	No	

Please give your additional comments.

The study fund does have logframe

The state of the s	Ing	out in PIT		V.
Project: Country: Navision code: GEO advisor: Year: Meeting JLCB:	Belgo-Ugandan study and consultance Uganda UGA/01/004 Rudi POULUSSEN 2008 19-mars-09	/ fund		
To be comp	pleted by the Project			
1 Is the activi	ty calendar respected ? Delay In time In advance	-9; -6; -3;	deviation in months 0; +3; +6; +9	
2 What is the Not applicable	Result 2	Projection ndicator 1	Realisation	Difference
	OF THE CRITERIA			
1 Assess relev	A= the project is relevant maintain the B= the project is relevant, intensify the C= measures should be taken to enthe D= the project is not relevant measures NA= the criterion 'relevance' has not	e efforts nance the relevance nres should be taken		
	Measures to take: NA			,
2. Assess effic i	iency A= the project is efficient, maintain the B= the project is efficient, intensify the C= measures should be taken to enh D= the project is not efficient, measured the criterion efficiency has not the criterion efficiency has	e efforts nance the efficiency res should be taken		•
	Measures to take: The efficiency of the deadlines and contractual arrangement		oroved through respe	ecting the set
3 Assess effec	A= the project is effective, maintain to the project is effective intensify the C= measures should be taken to enth D= the project is not effective, measures the criterion "effectiveness" has	e efforts nance the effectiveness ures should be taken		
	Measures to take: NA			
Comments	The study fund is on its	ack being implemented effe	sclively and efficient	y

10.9 Overview public contracts

BTC Tender number	UGA0086
Tendering mode	Selective bidding
Date of the award	27/07/07
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Business Synergies
Object of the contract	Support the internal Re-organisation of the Ministry
	Departments responsible for administration and
	inspection
Duration of the contract	2 months
End of service/ supply	Feb 2008
Estimated cost	35,000 EUR
Contract cost	29,639 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	The consultant has experienced delays in approval of
	his draft report as this is a sensitive area within
	Ministry of Local Government

BTC Tender number	UGA087
Tendering mode	selective bidding
Signing date of the contract	27/07/2007
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Winsor Consult Ltd
Object of the contract	Support the Development of a Long Term Plan for
	Training and Development of Staff in the Local
	Government Sector
Duration of the contract	2 months
End of service/ supply	Jan 2008
Estimated cost	60,000 EUR
Contract cost	35,810 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Although with 3months delay, the consultant is
	progressing on well and will be able to finalise
	assignment by first quarter 2008

BTC Tender number	UGA088
Tendering mode	Selective bidding
Date of the award	27/07/07
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Mentor Consult Ltd
Object of the contract	Strategy for Promoting Investment and Local
	Economic Development in Local Governments
Duration of the contract	2 months
End of service/ supply	Jan 2008
Estimated cost	55,000 EUR
Contract cost	30,300 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Study successfully implemented

BTC Tender number	UGA090
Tendering mode	Open bidding
Date of the award	11/12/07
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	AGRER S.A.N.V
Object of the contract	Development of an Environmental Sensitivity Atlas of
	Albertine Graben, Uganda
Duration of the contract	6 months
End of service/ supply	Aug 2008
Estimated cost	62,000 EUR
Contract cost	59,100 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Study completed with delays in providing feed back by
	Ministry of Water and Environment.

BTC Tender number	UGA099
Tendering mode	competitive bidding
Date of the award	19/04/2008
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	ICT Consults
Object of the contract	Consultancy for an integrated information and
	document management system for Education Service
	Commission (ESC)
Duration of the contract	2 months
End of service/ supply	September 2008
Estimated cost	56,500 EUR
Contract cost	22,537 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Contract execution was slow due delay in providing feed back by Education Service Commission

BTC Tender number	UGA101
Tendering mode	selective bidding
Signing date of the contract	09/06/2008
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Child Health and development centre
Object of the contract	A study of client satisfaction with the Health services
Duration of the contract	4 months
End of service/ supply	Dec 2008
Estimated cost	34,000 EUR
Contract cost	39,997 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Implemented successfully on time

BTC Tender number	UGA100
Tendering mode	selective bidding
Signing date of the contract	09/06/2008
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Quality Health International
Object of the contract	The review of the supervision mechanism in the Health
	Sector
Duration of the contract	4 months
End of service/ supply	Nov 2008
Estimated cost	22,727 EUR
Contract cost	33,220 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Implemented successfully on time

BTC Tender number	UGA102
Tendering mode	Selective bidding
Date of the award	02/07/08
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Mentor Consult Ltd
Object of the contract	Identification and analysis of national LED related
	policies and strategies
Duration of the contract	3 months
End of service/ supply	Oct 2008
Estimated cost	24,700 EUR
Contract cost	23,200 EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Study successfully implemented

BTC Tender number	UGA120
Tendering mode	Selective bidding
Date of the award	04/12/08
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Winsor Consult Ltd
Object of the contract	support to Aid Liaison Department carry out a survey of all Donor support in local Governments and to develop a tool for tracking Donor support at micro levels
Duration of the contract	5 months
End of service/ supply	On going
Estimated cost	61,470 EUR
Contract cost	59,521EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Study is on track

BTC Tender number	UGA121
Tendering mode	Selective bidding
Date of the award	04/12/08
Name of the Consultant/company/firm	Development and Management Consultant International (DMCI)
Object of the contract	Support to Aid liaison Department to review the Aid Management Manual
Duration of the contract	5 months
End of service/ supply	On going
Estimated cost	41,720 EUR
Contract cost	52,640EUR
Comments/Recommendations	Study is on track