

SUSTAINABLE IMPROVEMENT OF THE BANANA CROPPING SYSTEM IN KAGERA REGION AND KIBONDO DISTRICT IN KIGOMA REGION

TAN0400911

FEBRUARY – DECEMBER 2009



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1 PROJECT SHEET

BASIC INFORMATION ON THE PROJECT	
Country	Tanzania
DGCD intervention number:	1969911/12
Navision code BTC formulation number	TAN0400910
Navision Code BTC Execution	TAN0400911
Partner institution:	MOFSE & MAFSC Tanzania
Duration of intervention:	48 months
Duration of Specific Agreement:	72 months
Tanzanian contribution:	EUR 150,000
Belgian contribution:	EUR 1,500,000
Total contribution:	EUR 1,650,000
Start date of project	November 25, 2008
	Effective date 01/02/2009
End date of project	November 24, 2014

2 BRIEF FACTUAL OVERVIEW

Banana is the most important staple food in many communities of the Great Lakes Region of East Africa; in Kagera Region, banana is food for about 70 to 95 percent of the total population and it plays a very significant role to the regional economic development. The combination of increasing infestations of banana pests and diseases, tenure pressure, declining soil fertility, low genetic vigour of local varieties and inadequate access to markets, are threatening banana farmer's livelihoods. Growing local banana varieties susceptible to one or more of these threats has led to a decline of banana production and high vulnerability to food and income insecurity for poorer farmers. This situation has been compounded by the prolonged price crises of coffee, the major traditional cash crop grown by smallholder farmers in the region.

In 1997, the Belgian-Tanzanian funded Kagera Community Development Programme (KCDP) was established with the goal of improving the standard of living for the rural communities, with a component focused on "Superior banana varieties that are either resistant to weevils, fusarium wilt, nematodes, low fertility and drought, alone or in combination are introduced, multiplied and distributed." The justification for the project was that existing varieties of bananas, the main staple food in a large part of the region, were not resistant to a number of pests and diseases and should be replaced as fast as possible by more resistant varieties, accepted by the population. The KCDP project may be considered a frank success in terms of introduction of improved hybrid varieties. An initial adoption study conducted in 2002 indicated that 29 percent of 177 households surveyed from the all districts of the Kagera region had planted at least one new banana variety; adoption has increased in the aftermath of the project. This new project is conceived as a consolidation phase, with an expansion to Kibondo district in Kigoma region. The main challenges for this new project are:

- Overcoming constraints in diffusion of new banana varieties:
- Targeting the poor and vulnerable households;
- Facing new challenges from BXW: the outbreak of Bacterial Xanthomonas Wilt, to which new varieties are not resistant, raises new technical constraints on banana production;
- Strengthening innovation in soil fertility management: good practices exist among banana farmers to maintain soil fertility although they are generally labour-intensive and thus not always adequate for poorer households; there is ample space for further applied research to overcome some of the constraints; Mainstreaming banana development in the decentralization process, four axes of intervention have been defined within the new strategy: i.e;
- 1. Consolidate institutional capacities and networking

- Improve the efficiency of the dissemination of the banana varieties already tested and demanded by many farmers because of superior productivity and tolerance to pests, disease and drought
- Disseminate best management practices for improved banana production
 & protection
- 4. Improve post harvest, value adding and marketing skills. The Overall Objective is "Incomes and food security in Kagera Region and Kibondo district increased." The Specific Objective is: "Strengthened institutional capacities and public-private partnerships ensuring the sustained spread of farmer-led innovation in banana production in Kagera region and Kibondo district". Four expected results have been defined:
- Institutional capacities and farmer empowerment consolidated allowing an enabling environment for technical and entrepreneurial innovation.
- A sustainable supply of improved banana varieties planting material ensured through public-private partnerships and a farmer-based dissemination system
- Dissemination of best available banana cropping and management practices ensured through participatory experimentation and farmer-to farmer extension
- Spread of innovations increased and sustained by improved post-harvest, processing and marketing skills.

The local level activities will be implemented by Local Government Authorities (LGAs) All activities implemented at district level and funded under the project will be embedded in the District Agricultural Development Plans (DADPs). Village-level activities will rely on Participatory Farmers Groups (PFG). The Maruku Agricultural Research and Development Institute (ARDI-Maruku) will be an important stakeholder of the project as public service provider. The districts will also be able to outsource some specific services through partnerships with private service providers such as NGOs and Consulting firms.

3 OVERVIEW OF ACTIVITY AND PLANNING

3.1 Activity overview

The project is targeting approximately 300 farmer innovators in 112 wards of the 8 districts concerned. At least 250 of them will also work as banana multipliers. The vast majority of banana producers, who combine food security and market-oriented production with banana as pivotal crop, will constitute the bulk of beneficiaries of the project. Tentatively 112 wards in the 8 districts have been targeted for their potential for banana improvement. An estimate of 300 Participatory Farmer Groups will be supported with capacity-building, including about 6,000 households. Indirectly, a much bigger number of households will be reached by the intervention. The project is implemented within the framework of the Agricultural Sector Development Programme applying its core principles of increased control of resources by beneficiaries, pluralism in service provision, results-based resource transfers, integration with government systems and client-oriented research and development approach.

3.2 Analysis of activity planning

Activities	Sub activities	Achievement	Comments
Operational costs	Contribution to office maintenance	 Office rehabilitation was done as planned Rehabilitation of the office at ARI Maruku Local tendering for rehabilitation 	Tanzania Government procurement regulations were adhered to and the process was done timely
	Fuel spare and vehicle maintenance	Going on well	No comments
	Communication	 Purchase of 2 internet modem Monthly internet recharge vouchers Monthly telephone airtime 	Sometimes the modems fail to receive internet. We have been going to town to surf with internet cafe
	Stationery	 purchase of stationery are done with raised needs 	No comments
Equipment and investments	Vehicles	 2 PAJERO cars have been received and used at the local project office 	No comments
	Office materials	Office furniture	Furnishing of office and procurement of equipment was done
	IT Equipment	 2 laptops were purchased for the NTPC and AFO They were received in good order Procurement of office desk top computers, photocopier, scanner, beamer 	A laptop for the AFO got faulty and was returned to Dar es Salaam for repair. It seems repairing have failed and it needs to be replaced
Staff	Local BTC staff	Recruitment of NTPC, AFO. 2 drivers and a secretary	All staff needed for the project office were recruited

Activities	Sub activities	Achievement	Comments
BTC monitoring	 Planning and convening the JLPC meeting Planning meeting on implementation of the project 	JLPC convened in May 2010	May JLPC meeting was done as planned.
Institutional strengthening	Assessment of training needs of extensionists (DC and NGOs)	 Inventory of available staff at district level Meetings and interviews at district level Participatory planning 	Done as planned
	 Planning and implementation of training of district level specialists 	 Development of training module Training of trainers A one day meeting 	Done as planned
Farmer based dissemination	Training of farmers on banana rapid multiplication	Mobilizing training sessions	800 farmers trained by December 2009Done as planned
	Farmer and site selection	 Inspection of sites Making agreement with multipliers Secondary nursery establishment 	 Secondary nurseries planted in Chato, Biharamulo, Ngara and Kibondo. Other districts will plant by early March 2010 when planting materials will be available from ARI Maruku.
	 Production of clean suckers 	 ARI Maruku produced some 2000 banana suckers from macro- propagator and established a primary nursery for the same purposes 	No comments
	Monitoring & supervision	Is a continuous activity	No comments

The project is progressing well

4 FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

4.1 Overview of Expenditure versus Financial Planning

Project Title : Banana Project i	n Kagera I	Region and	l Kibondo	District									
Fin Plan Version:2009Q4Budget Version:C01Donor:DGDCurrency:EUR													
Amounts in 1000 EUR						Dial dial		2009			0040	Est. end	Est
	Status	Fin Mode B	udget	TtY-1	Balance	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	2010 to end	Proj. Bal.	% exe
A ACTIVITIES			1.053,03	0,00	1.053,03	0,00	2,30	16,20	142,94	161,44	879,66	11,93	999
01 Institutional strengthening			217,99	0,00	217,99	0,00	2,20	0,00	37,17	39,37	178,62	0,00	100
01 Assessment of training needs of		COGEST	11,29	0,00	11,29	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	11,29	0,00	100
02 Planning and implementation of		COGEST	3,12	0,00	3,12	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	3,12	0,00	100
03 Planning and implementation of		COGEST	22,08	0,00	22,08	0,00	0,00	0,00	11,00	11,00	11,08	0,00	100
04 Support to district level		COGEST	48,96	0,00	48,96	0,00	0,00	0,00	8,32	8,32	40,64	0,00	100
05 Support to village level planning		COGEST	48,90	0,00	48,90	0,00	0,00	0,00	6,30	6,30	42,60	0,00	100
06 Upgrading of ARDI ARDI-		COGEST	26,00	0,00	26,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	4,00	4,00	22,00	0,00	100
07 Support to banana protection,		COGEST	37,04	0,00	37,04	0,00	0,00	0,00	7,55	7,55	29,49	0,00	100
08 International scientific support		REGIE	20,60	0,00	20,60	0,00	2,20	0,00	0,00	2,20	18,40	0,00	100
02 Farmer-based dissemination of			245,32	0,00	245,32	0,00	0,00	13,10	53,08	66,18	167,21	11,93	95
01 Assessment of demand for		COGEST	2,40	0,00	2,40	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	2,40	0
02 Planning of selection criteria and		COGEST	1,06	0,00	1,06	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	1,06	0,00	100
03 Farmer and site selection		COGEST	3,88	0,00	3,88	0,00	0,00	9,40	0,00	9,40	0,00	-5,52	242
04 Framer training in multiplication		COGEST	45,48	0,00	45,48	0,00	0,00	0,00	20,30	20,30	25,13	0,05	100
05 Production of clean nursery		COGEST	23,34	0,00	23,34	0,00	0,00	3,70	2,46	6,16	17,18	0,00	100
06 Distribution and establishment of		COGEST	15,70	0,00	15,70	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	15,70	0,00	100
07 Planning of vouchers system for		COGEST	2,70	0,00	2,70	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	2,70	0,00	100
08 Implementation of voucher		COGEST	95,70	0.00	95,70	0,00	0,00	0,00	24,45	24,45	56,25	15,00	84
09 Monitoring, supervisiopn and		COGEST	24,50	0.00	24,50	0,00	0,00	0,00	3,47	3,47	21,03	0,00	100
10 On farm and palatibility trials in		COGEST	7,20	0.00	7,20	0,00	0,00	0,00	2,40	2,40	4,80	0,00	100
		REGIE	482,75	0,00	482,75	12,40	68,40	33,90	36,70	151,40	329,55	1,80	100
		COGEST	1.017,23	0.00	1.017,23	0,00	0,10	13,10	138,94	152,14	853,16	11,93	99

Annual Report

Budget vs Actuals (Year to Date, by Quarter) of TAN0400911

Project Title :	Banana Project in Kagera Region and Kibondo District
Budget Version :	C01
Currency :	EUR
YtD :	Report includes all valid transactions, registered up to today

				1. 1. 2	2010					
Status	Fin Mode Amount	Start to 2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total	Total Exp.	Balance	% Exe
A ACTIVITIES	1.053.047,40	79.470,72	20.487,45				20.487,45	99.958,18	953.089,22	9%
01 Institutional strengthening	217.990,00	5.421,96	15.800,81		14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		15.800,81	21.222,78	196.767,22	10%
01 Assessment of training	COGEST 11.290,00	130,15	100,00				100,00	230,15	11.059,85	2%
02 Planning and	COGEST 3.120,00	0,00	1.050,54				1.050,54	1.050,54	2.069,46	34%
03 Planning and	COGEST 22.080,00	0,00	780,18				780,18	780,18	21.299,82	4%
04 Support to district level	COGEST 48.960,00	187,59	10.255,80				10.255,80	10.443,39	38.516,61	21%
05 Support to village level	COGEST 48.900,00	2.934,47	1.843,89				1.843,89	4.778,36	44.121,64	10%
06 Upgrading of ARDI ARDI-	COGEST 26.000,00	3,93	1.770,41				1.770,41	1.774,34	24.225,66	7%
07 Support to banana	COGEST 37.040,00	0,00						0,00	37.040,00	0%
08 International scientific	REGIE 20.600,00	2.165,82						2.165,82	18.434,18	11%
02 Farmer-based dissemination	245.334,00	68.410,19	3.038,28				3.038,28	71.448,47	173.885,53	29%
01 Assessment of demand for	COGEST 2.400,00	0,00						0,00	2.400,00	0%
02 Planning of selection criteria	COGEST 1.062,00	230,05						230,05	831,95	22%
03 Farmer and site selection	COGEST 3.880,00	17.088,80						17.088,80	-13.208,80	440%
04 Framer training in	COGEST 45.484,00	30.929,74	2.385,28				2.385,28	33.315,02	12.168,98	73%
05 Production of clean nursery	COGEST 23.340,00	10.833,41	330,33				330,33	11.163,74	12.176,26	48%
06 Distribution and	COGEST 15.700,00	3.065,92	322,67				322,67	3.388,59	12.311,41	22%
07 Planning of vouchers	COGEST 2.702,00	0,00						0,00	2.702,00	0%
08 Implementation of voucher	COGEST 95.700,00	0,00						0,00	95.700,00	0%
09 Monitoring, supervisiopn	COGEST 24.504,00	6.242,27						6.242,27	18.261,73	25%
	COGEST 7.200,00	0,00						0,00	7.200,00	0%
	REGIE 482.753,00	147.383,70	2.276,41				2.276,41	149.660,11	333.092,89	31,00
BTC	COGEST1.017.247,40	71.706,36	20.487,45				20.487,45	92.193,82	925.053,58	9,00
СТВ	TOTAL 1.500.000,40	219.090,06	22.763,86				22.763,86	241.853,93	1.258.146,47	16,00

4.2 Analysis of Financial Planning

From FIT financial planning represented in the figures above) for the year 2009 was EURO 303,540. However, until December 2009 the expenditure was EURO 219,090 as per FIT expenditure.

The reason that is causing the difference (under-expenditures) underlying the following;

• FIT budget is from January 2009 to December 2009 while Districts budgets are from July 2009 to June 2010. This means that until the end of June 2010 when the districts are expected to exhaust their planned funds, the remained amount will balance.

5 MONITORING OF THE INDICATORS

5.1 Specific objective

The project specific objective is 'to strengthen institutional capacities and public-private partnerships ensuring the sustained spread of farmer-led innovation in banana production in Kagera region and Kibondo district'

The specific objective is in line with the Tanzania government policy targeting to alleviate poverty and increase income to farmers through agriculture. Specifically it supports the current motor i.e. "Agriculture First"

5.2 Results

Result 1: Institutional capacities and farmer empowerment consolidated allowing and enabling environment for technical and entrepreneurial innovation

This result is still valid and is expected to be achieved. However some trainings of LGA staff have been done on banana multiplication techniques, banana management and PlanRep. More trainings are expected with project progressing. **Result 2:** A sustainable supply of improved banana varieties planting material ensured through public-private partnerships and a farmer-based dissemination system

This result is valid. Already ARI Maruku has distributed banana planting materials to some districts. Others will receive the materials by mid of March 2010. Farmers and farmer groups are involved in banana nursery establishment have been trained on banana sucker multiplication techniques and have prepared nurseries waiting for planting materials to be available.

Result 3: Dissemination of best available banana cropping and management practices ensured through participatory experimentation and farmer-to farmer extension

This result is important and already district agriculture staff, extensionists and some farmers have been trained on rapid banana sucker multiplication techniques. Further trainings will continue as bananas will continue been established. Most of the trainings are planned in the year 2010.

Result 4: Spread of innovations increased and sustained by improved post-harvest, processing and marketing skills

This result will be achieved by year 2011 after starting harvesting. However preparations for post harvest and marketing studies will commence by the end of 2010.

5.3 Indicator evolution (chart)

Results	Indicators	Progress
Institutional capacities and farmer empowerment consolidated allowing an enabling environment for technical and entrepreneurial innovation.	 100 DC and NGO specialists and extensionists trained on banana development and protection 8 DC planning banana development activities in DADP 300 villages planning banana development activities Durable partnerships between ARDI, DC and NGOs 	 68 LGA staff at district level trained in banana management and PlanRep 80 extension staff at village level trained on banana multiplication techniques and management 800 farmers trained on banana management techniques DADP planning done in all 8 districts Contracts with sucker multipliers in progress under LGA
A sustainable supply of improved banana varieties planting material ensured through public-private partnerships and a farmer-based dissemination system.	 At least 250 farmer banana multipliers in the 8 districts by year 2 1,500 vulnerable households benefited 700,000 improved suckers yearly available from year 3 At least 200 banana multipliers certified by year 3 	 A primary nursery at ARI Maruku established 112 nursery sites prepared, and 8 nurseries already planted District project coordinators are collecting information for vulnerable households
Dissemination of best available banana cropping and management practices ensured through participatory experimentation and farmer-to farmer extension.	 300 Participatory Farmer Groups trained in banana development and protection by year 4 200 demonstration and on farm trial sites ensuring spread of innovation in 8 districts by year 3 Specific capacity-building for vulnerable households 	 Trainings to banana sucker multipliers done More trainings to be done during project progresses
Spread of innovations increased and sustained by improved post-harvest, processing and marketing skills.	 At least 25 farmers groups trained for group marketing of bananas improving incomes from sale of bananas At least 50 women groups and enterprises trained for entrepreneurial skills, improving incomes from processing and trade activities 	• Planned for in 2011

6 ASSESSMENT OF MONITORING CRITERIA

6.1 Efficiency

• District level: under responsibility of the DALDO DALDOs are continuing to monitor the projects at the district level

- Regional level: to be compiled by the Project Facilitation Team under the supervision of the Regional Agricultural Advisers
 The Regional Agriculture advisor is receiving the district reports
- Specific technical issues under the responsibility of ARDI-Maruku team will be monitored under their responsibility following MAFSC procedures

ARI Maruku is praying her part as specified in the project TFF

6.2 Effectiveness

• District level: under responsibility of the DALDO

Normally the DALDO is supposed to send to the NPC a monthly report of the project. The experience shows that this is not effective unless somebody has visited the district to pick the report. To cope with the situation, monthly visits are planned. Capacity building to project implementers on reporting is necessary.

• Regional level: to be compiled by the Project Facilitation Team under the supervision of the Regional Agricultural Advisers

The project technical meeting met once in the year 2009. For effectiveness, this team should meet quarterly as indicated in the TFF.

• Specific technical issues under the responsibility of ARDI-Maruku team will be monitored under their responsibility following MAFSC procedures

This is going on well, ARI Maruku are informing the NPC of their progresses

6.3 Sustainability

• District level: under responsibility of the DALDO

This is sustainable since the DALDO is on the ground and monitoring of district activities is part of their daily obligations

• Regional level: to be compiled by the Project Facilitation Team under the supervision of the Regional Agricultural Advisers

At the regional level, there is one planned meeting that discuss agriculture matters. Therefore it may not be sustainable after the life of the project.

• Specific technical issues under the responsibility of ARDI-Maruku team will be monitored under their responsibility following MAFSC procedures

ARI Maruku under the mother ministry of agriculture, their responsibilities is to ensure technical information is received to the target. Therefore this is sustainable with archiving of information capacity available at the institute.

7 MEASURES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Overview of the assessment criteria

The set criteria are suitable in monitoring of the project progress because they cut across all actors in the project.

7.2 Recommendations

- Among the shortfalls noted is poor communication and delay of reporting. This could be resolved under the JLPC resolutions.
- Since the Tanzania government is currently emphasizing agriculture, the regional secretariat could be advised to hold more technical meetings to ensure there is a closer monitoring of agriculture activities.

8 PLANNING FOR THE UPCOMING YEAR (YEAR N + 1)

8.1 Activity planning year N + 1

Budget Code	ACTIVITIES	J	F	м	A	м	J	J	Α	s	0	N	D
A01_04	Support to district level planning for banana development												
A01_05	Support to village level planning for banana development												
A01_06	Upgrading of ARDI Maruku capacities												
A01_07	Support to banana protection, monitoring and policy building												
A01_08	International scientific support and backstopping												
A02_01	Assessment of demand for improved varieties in each district												
A02_05	Production of clean nursery material through macro-propagation												
A02_06	Distribution and establishment of multiplication plots at farm level												
A02_07	Planning of voucher system for vulnerable households												
A02_08	Implementation of voucher system												
A02_09	Monitoring, supervision and certification of banana multipliers												
A02_10	On farm and palatability trials in new areas (Kibondo district)												

A02_12	International scientific support and						
A02_12	backstopping						
A03:	Selection of innovative farmers						
A03_03	Formation of Farmer Extension Groups						
A03_04	On farm training						
A03_05	Organization of exchange visits						
A03_06	Demonstration of innovative practices						
A03_07	Production of extension support material						
A03_08	Monitoring of spread of innovation						
A04_04	Training of farmers in post harvest and marketing						
Z01_01	Local BTC Staff						
	Purchase of 1 laptop computer (to replace the damaged one)						
Z02_02	Stationeries and other miscellaneous items, communication and						
Z03_01	Operation and maintenance of project office						
Z03_02	Mobilization of Project Implementation (Vehicle maintenance and repair etc)	 	 				
Z03_03	Air tickets						
Z03_04	Communication (internet services, telephone bills etc)						
	Project supervision (support JLPC meetings, print the approved documents)						
Z03_06	Day to day operations including attending workshops, meetings						
Z04_02	Field visits BTC-HQ staff (10 days)						

8.2 Financial Planning N + 1

Budget Code			Activity	Mode	YEAR 2
Α	01		Institutional strengthening component		
А	01	01	Assessment of training needs of extensionists	co-mgt	11,160
А	01	03	Planning and training of extensionists	co-mgt	12,000
А	01	04	Support to district level management for banana development	co-mgt	11,130
А	01	05	Support to village level planning for banana development	co-mgt	14,720
А	01	06	Upgrading of ARDI-Maruku capacities	co-mgt	13,100
А	01	07	Support to banana protection, monitoring and policy building	co-mgt	16,810
А	01	08	International scientific support and backstopping	direct	12,000
Α	02		Farmers-based dissemination of new banana varieties		
А	02	04	Farmer training in multiplication techniques	co-mgt	7,700
А	02	05	Production of clean nursery material through micro-propagation	co-mgt	4,800
А	02	06	Distribution and establishment of multiplication plots at farm level	co-mgt	7,800
А	02	07	Planning of voucher system for vulnerable households	co-mgt	2,700
А	02	08	Implementation of voucher system	co-mgt	26,800
А	02	09	Monitoring, supervision and certification of banana multipliers	co-mgt	5,870
А	02	10	On farm and palatability trials in new areas (Kibondo district)	co-mgt	4,800
А	02	11	Application for official certification of improved banana varieties	co-mgt	2,760
Α	03		Farmer capacity-building component		
А	03	01	Selection of innovative farmers	co-mgt	1,000
А	03	02	Participatory assessment of training needs	co-mgt	15,440
А	03	03	Formation of Farmer Participatory Groups	co-mgt	40,900
А	03	04	On farm training	co-mgt	63,950
А	03	05	Organisation of exchange visits	co-mgt	7,100
А	03	06	Demonstration of innovative practices	co-mgt	17,300
А	03	07	Production of extension support material	co-mgt	3,900
А	03	08	Monitoring of spread of innovation	co-mgt	2,500
А	03	09	International backstopping	direct	200
Α	04		Entrepreneurial innovation component		

А	04	02	Inventory of marketing and processing innovative	co-mgt	2,000
Α	04	03	Assessment of entrepreneur training need	co-mgt	7,200
А	04	04	Training of farmers in post harvest and marketing	co-mgt	7,800
Α	04	05	Support to market empowerment	co-mgt	10,500
А	04	06	Training need assessment of traders (women)	co-mgt	1,600
А	04	07	Business support to processors groups and traders	co-mgt	15,190
А	04	08	Micro-project in value adding	co-mgt	33,300
Α	04	09	International backstopping	direct	5,100
Z	01		Staff		
Z	01	01	Local BTC staff	direct	48,400
Z	02		Equipments and investments project staff		
Z	02	02	Office material	direct	600
Z	02	03	IT equipment	direct	2,000
Z	03		Operational costs		
Z	03	02	Fuel, spares and maintenance vehicle	direct	11,900
Z	03	03	Air tickets	direct	1,400
Z	03	04	Communication	direct	1,400
Z	03	05	Stationery	direct	1,200
Z	04		BTC Monitoring		
Z	04	01	Field visits BTC-HQ staff (10 days)	direct	6,800
Z	05		Auditing		
Z	05	01	Support to internal audit	direct	600
Z	05	02	External audit	direct	20,000
TOTAL					483,430

9 CONCLUSIONS

9.1 Activities and Finance

The planned activities and fund allocated have not shown any inconsistence.

9.2 Monitoring criteria

9.2.1 Efficiency

Timely preparation of quarterly financial plans and cash call

9.2.2 Effectiveness

- Timely reporting by collaborators
- Timely disbursement of funds and transferring to the collaborators' accounts

9.2.3 Sustainability

Punctuality in development of district plans and reporting

9.3 Advice of the JLPC on the recommendations

9.3.1 Recommendations on activity planning

JLPC approved the planned activities as presented.

9.3.2 Recommendations on financial planning

The financial planning was endorsed as it was. The only remark was unavailability of funds to enable the RAS monitor the activities. This was proposed to be tabled to BTC headquarters to endorse budget modification that will enable the RAS and partner ministries monitor the project progress.

9.3.3 Recommendations on Logical Framework

There was no comment on logical framework.

9.3.4 Other recommendations

It was recommended that JLPC meetings be held two times in a year. In addition, the venues for JLPCs rotate among the districts implementing the project.

10 ANNEXES

- a. Tracking Gantt view / Activities
- b. Baseline report / Activities (AdeptTracker)
- c. Measuring indicators
- d. Checklist efficiency
- e. Checklist effectiveness
- f. Checklist sustainability
- g. Input in PIT
- h. Logical framework year
- i. Overview public contracts